

GGT  
 GERBER Cutter data..... some call it ISO Standard when they create there  
 code and don't want to call it Gerber in order not to make any false  
 impression and to boost GGT's sales.....

Gerber is extremely reluctant to cooperate - unless you sell their equipment  
 and you have a non-disclosure agreement.

This format was invented in the late 60s !

Quote:

TABLE 2-1. SUMMARY OF INPUT DATA CODES

Input Code -----	Function -----
A	Knife up (same as M15)
B	Knife down (same as M14)
D1	Pen down
D2	Pen up
D4	Light source (same as Q)
E	Flick notch (same as M68)
F	Set feed rate
G04	Set origin point
G70	Select 3.3 English data
G71	Select 5.1 Metric data format
G91	Identifies GERBER cutter data (4.2 format)
H	File identifier
L	Begin slowdown (same as M25)
M0	EOF (end of file)
M00	Program stop
M01	Optional stop
M14	Knife down (same as B)
M15	Knife up (same as A)
M17	Maximum advance
M18	Inhibit next overcut
M19	Ignore overcut and advance
M20	Message stop (displayed on OCT)
M25	Run part at reduced velocity (same as L)
M26	Restore normal velocity (same as O)
M30	Rewind data file (return)
M31	Labeler data fellows
M40	Enable automatic sharpen
M41	Disable automatic sharpen
M42	Sharpen
M43	Drill (same as R)
M44	auxiliary drill
M46	Lift and plunge corner
M47	Turn off knife intelligence
M48	Turn on knife intelligence
M51	Null knife intelligence
M60	Run part at 95 % velocity
M61	Run part at 90 % velocity
M62	Run part at 85 % velocity
M63	Run part at 80 % velocity
M64	Run part at 75 % velocity
M65	Run part at 70 % velocity
M66	Run part at 65 % velocity
M67	Run part at 60 % velocity
M68	Special notch (same as E)
M69	Conveyor bite
M70	Origin
N	Sequence number of piece
O	Resume normal speed (same as M26)
Q	Establish light as tool (same as D4)
R	Drill (same as M43)
X	Precedes X coordinate area
Y	Precedes Y coordinate area
Z	Bite size identifier
/	Block delete
*	EOB (end of block)

#### 2.6.1 X,Y COORDINATE DATA BLOCK

- a. Coordinate data should be 4.2 or 3.3 format expressed in inches, or for metric systems in a 5.1 format in millimeters. Decimal points are assumed according to the data format.
- b. Leading zeros should be omitted.
- c. The X,Y data must be in absolute coordinates.
- d. The negative sign must be include when required. Data with no sign is assumed to be positive.

#### 2.6.2 LABEL DATA BLOCK

The label data can be any printable character except the End of Block character (\*) up to 36 characters in length.

#### 2.6.3 END OF BLOCK

The first M31 block is read as position coordinates. The second

M31 block is processed along with the X,Y position coordinates. This block of data establishes the angle on which the label is placed.

A second rotational format allows for two blocks of label data. One is to be used in the normal cut mode and the second while in the inverted or "mirror" mode. The data should appear as follows:

\*XnnnnYnnnnM31\*Normal Label\*MirrorLabel\*XnnnnYnnnnM31\*

## 2.7 M, G, AND D COMMANDS

The following rules apply to the use of the M, G and D commands.

1. A block may contain only one M, G or D command.
2. Leading zeros may be omitted from M, G and D commands.
3. M, G and D commands are modal.

Unquote:

Experience as we go along.....

C100

Gerber Cutter controller:

Info. according to Dr J. Helmig of GGT Brussels  
All Cutters work with the C100 Cutter Controller. Older Cutters which still work with the C90 Controller, can use a MID-unit which translates the C100-Data into the right Format.

The C100 runs on an AT under DOS 3.3 and has a 1.2 Mb Floppy. The System can be online connected via any DOS-Compatible Network ! It cannot be addressed via serial lines, since Gerber is using COM1 and COM2 for the Plotter Control.

The C100 controls automatically the knife intelligence. No additional NC-code is needed. For speed-control it is better to cut small pieces first and a bit slower. This is done with code M25, which should be defined after the N-code. i.e. \*N10\*M25\* . As soon as the Controller reads the next N-code, the cutter goes to full speed again.

Lift and plunge of the knife has to be programmed.  
i.e.

X100Y100*	MOVE WITH KNIFE UP
M14	PLUNGE KNIFE
X100Y200*X200Y200*X200Y100*	CUT POSITIONS
X100Y100*	CUT POSITIONS
M15*	LIFT KNIFE

The Controller is smart enough to know by which angle and when to lift and plunge. If the operator wants to influence this intelligence on critical corners in order to improve the cut-quality, than this is possible with the M46-code - before reaching the corner. i.e.

X100Y100*	MOVE WITH KNIFE UP
M14	PLUNGE KNIFE
X100Y150*	KNIFE DOWN
M46	LIFT&PLUNGE ON NEXT CORNER
X100Y200*	THIS IS THE CORNER
X200Y200*	

FURTHER QUESTIONS ???? lets have them !

Table size is different by all Gerber Cutters and should be an option.

- usable table length
- usable table width
- static table or conveyor

The resolution is depending on the format:

Format 4.2 = 1/100 Inch (Standard Format)

Format 3.3 = 1/1000 Inch defined with: N1\*G70\*

Format 5.1 = 1/10 Millimeter defined with: N1\*G71\*

Serial Ports:

The C100 has a Quad-Board with 4 serial ports. COM4 with Adress:0x2A0 IRQ=12 is still available. No driver is available to shuffle data into the system. That's why Gerber has no online connection !!! Smart programmer's ?

Further Questions:

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