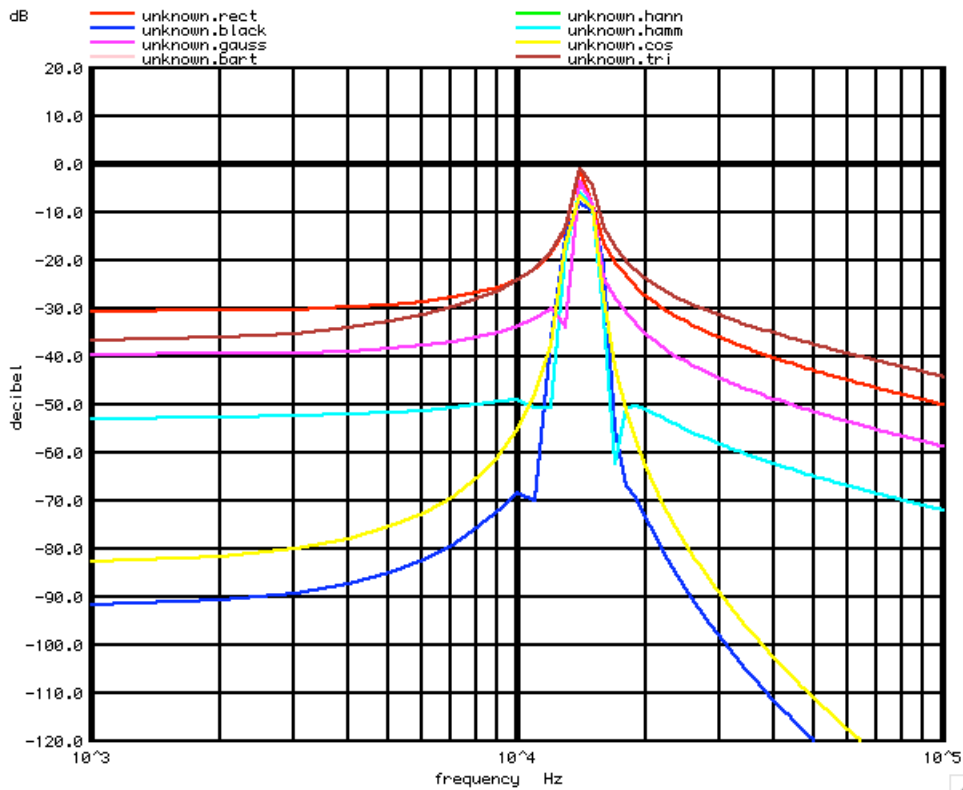


***=====All_Windowing_Functions_In_One_Plot=====**

HOW TO PLOT THE RESULTS OF SEVERAL SEPARATE SIMULATIONS ON A SINGLE PLOT.



To plot several waveforms on the same plot, one has to call on the "unknown" plot. The `setplot new` statement creates this plot. In this case eight arrays/plots are assigned to it.

```
=====
*V SIN#   NODE_P  NODE_N DC   VALUE SIN(  V_DC  AC_MAG FREQ  DELAY  FDamp)
Vsig     OUT    0    DC    0     SIN(   0     1    14.3k  )

.control
setplot
let      "rect"   = 0*vector(100)
let      "hann"   = 0*vector(100)
let      "black"  = 0*vector(100)
let      "ham"    = 0*vector(100)
let      "gauss"  = 0*vector(100)
let      "cos"    = 0*vector(100)
let      "bart"   = 0*vector(100)
let      "tri"    = 0*vector(100)
=====
```

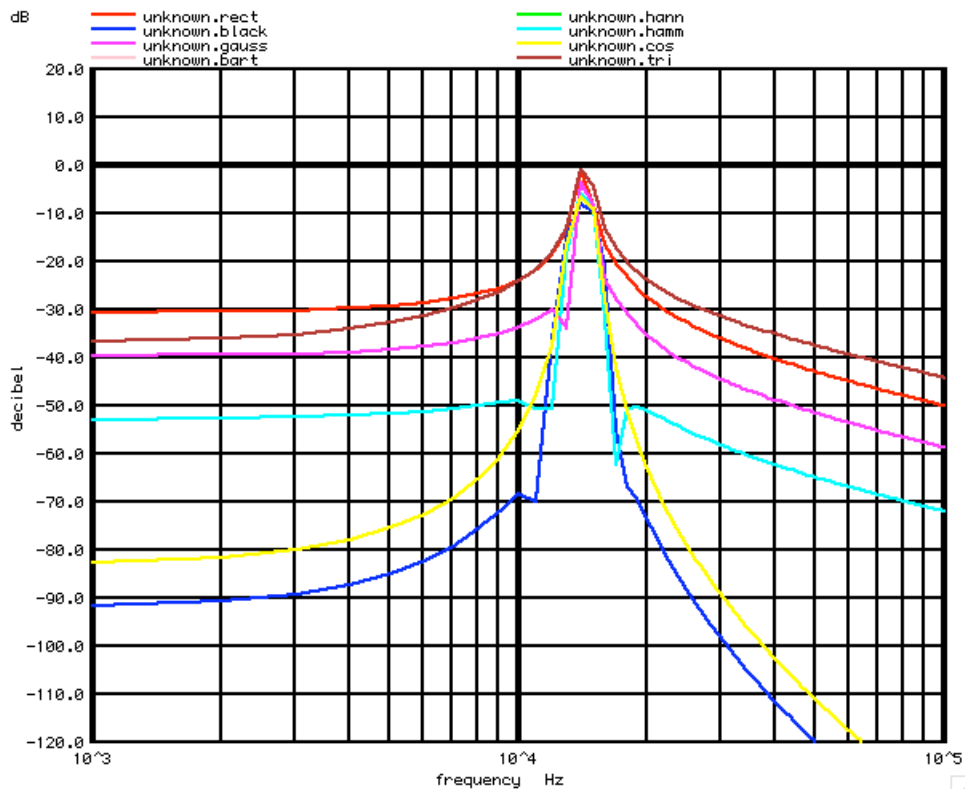
One can then run several transient simulations, and then assign the results to the created arrays/plots.

```
=====
tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="rectangular"
spec     1k      100k   1k     v(out)
let      unknown.rect = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="hanning"
spec     1k      100k   1k     v(out)
let      unknown.hann = dB(mag(v(out)))
=====
```

One plot statement will plot all the results.

```
plot unknown.rect unknown.hann unknown.black unknown.hamm unknown.gauss unknown.cos unknown.bart
unknown.tri vs frequency xlog ylimit -120 20
```



=====**Full_Netlist_For_Copy_Paste**=====

```
OnePlot_ALL_FFT_Windows
.Option srcsteps = 1 set Gmin = 1.0000E-02
*====Circuit Netlist=====
*V_SIN#   NODE_P   NODE_N DC   VALUE   SIN(   V_DC   AC_MAG FREQ   DELAY   FDamp)
Vsig     OUT      0      DC    0       SIN(   0      1     14.3k   )

.control

setplot          new
let              "rect"   =   0*vector(100)
let              "hann"   =   0*vector(100)
let              "black"  =   0*vector(100)
let              "hann"   =   0*vector(100)
let              "gauss"  =   0*vector(100)
let              "cos"    =   0*vector(100)
let              "bart"   =   0*vector(100)
let              "tri"    =   0*vector(100)

tran            .1u      1m      0      .1u
set             specwindow="rectangular"
spec           1k       100k    1k     v(out)

let            unknown.rect = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran            .1u      1m      0      .1u
set             specwindow="hanning"
spec           1k       100k    1k     v(out)
let            unknown.hann = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran            .1u      1m      0      .1u
set             specwindow="blackman"
spec           1k       100k    1k     v(out)

let            unknown.black = dB(mag(v(out)))
```

```

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="hamming"
spec      1k      100k   1k      v(out)

let       unknown.hamm = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="gaussian"
spec      1k      100k   1k      v(out)

let       unknown.gauss = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="cosine"
spec      1k      100k   1k      v(out)
let       unknown.cos = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="bartlet"
spec      1k      100k   1k      v(out)

let       unknown.bart = dB(mag(v(out)))

tran      .1u      1m      0      .1u
set       specwindow="triangle"
spec      1k      100k   1k      v(out)

let       unknown.tri = dB(mag(v(out)))

plot      unknown.rect unknown.hann unknown.black unknown.hamm unknown.gauss unknown.cos unknown.bart
unknown.tri vs frequency xlog ylimit -120 20

*destroy

.endc
.end

```

7.29.10_12.02PM
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